

Content Area	Percentage
1. Cardiovascular System	10
2. Dermatologic System	4
3. Endocrine System	3
4. Eyes, Ears, Nose, & Throat	6
5. Gastrointestinal System/Nutrition	10
6. Genitourinary System (Male and Female)	5
7. Hematologic System	4
8. Musculoskeletal System	9
9. Neurologic System	8
10. Psychobehavioral Disorders	7
11. Pulmonary System	10
12. Renal System	4
13. Reproductive System (Male and Female)	2
14. Environmental Disorders	2
15. Systemic Infectious Disorders	4
16. Toxicologic Disorders	4
17. Traumatic Disorders	6
18. Procedures & Skills	2

1. CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM (10%)

- A. Acute coronary syndrome
- B. Cardiomyopathy
 - Acute/chronic systolic/diastolic heart failure
- C. Conduction disorders/dysrhythmias
 - Atrial
 - Ventricular
- D. Congenital heart disease
- E. Coronary artery disease
- F. Hypertension
 - Hypertensive emergency
 - Hypertensive urgency
- G. Hypotension
 - Cardiogenic shock
- H. Infectious and inflammatory heart conditions
 - Cardiac tamponade
 - Endocarditis
 - Myocarditis
 - Pericarditis
- I. Lipid disorders
- J. Valvular heart disease
- K. Vascular disorders
 - Aortic aneurysm/dissection
 - Embolism
 - Thrombosis

2. DERMATOLOGIC SYSTEM (4%)

- A. Desquamation
 - Scarlet fever
 - Stevens-Johnson syndrome
 - Toxic epidermal necrolysis
- B. Diseases/disorders of the hair and nails
- C. Exanthems
 - Erythema infectiosum (fifth disease)
 - Hand-foot-and-mouth disease
 - Hypersensitivity reactions
 - Measles
- D. Infectious diseases
 - Bacterial
 - Fungal
 - Parasitic
 - Viral
- E. Neoplasms
 - Benign
 - Malignant
 - Premalignant
- F. Papulosquamous disorders
 - Dermatitis
 - Eczema
 - Pityriasis rosea
- G. Skin integrity
 - Dermatitis

- Pressure ulcers
- Stasis dermatitis

H. Vesiculobullous disease

- Pemphigoid
- Pemphigus

I. Other dermatologic disorders

- Acanthosis nigricans
- Cutaneous manifestations of systemic disease
- Generalized skin disorders
- Hidradenitis suppurativa

J. ENDOCRINE SYSTEM (3%)

A. Adrenal disorders

- Adrenal crisis
- Adrenal insufficiency

B. Diabetes

- Diabetic ketoacidosis
- Hyperosmolar hyperglycemic state
- Hypoglycemia

C. Neoplasms

- Benign
- Malignant

D. Parathyroid disorders

- Hyperparathyroidism
- Hypoparathyroidism

E. Pituitary disorders

- Diabetes insipidus
- Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone secretion (SIADH)

F. Thyroid disorders

- Hyperthyroidism
- Hypothyroidism
- Myxedema
- Thyroid storm

G. EYES, EARS, NOSE, & THROAT (6%)

A. Eye disorders

- Central retinal artery occlusion
- Glaucoma
- Hyphema
- Iritis

- Periorbital and orbital cellulitis
- Retinal detachment
- Trauma

B. Ear disorders

- External, middle, and innear disorders
- Hearing loss

C. Nose/sinus disorders

- Epistaxis
- Rhinitis
- Sinusitis

D. Oral disorders

- Candidiasis
- Dental disorders
- Gingivitis
- Lesions
- Ludwig angina
- Salivary disorders

E. Throat disorders

- Croup/epiglottitis
- Peritonsillar/retropharyngeal abscess

F. Foreign bodies

G. Neoplasms

- Benign
- Malignant

H. GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM/ NUTRITION (10%)

A. Biliary disorders

- Biliary tract disease
- Cholecystitis

B. Colorectal disorders

- Abscess/fistula
- Anal fissure
- Colitis
- Constipation
- Diverticulitis
- Hemorrhoids
- Ileitis
- Inflammatory bowel disease
- Obstruction
- Volvulus

C. Esophageal disorders

- Foreign body

- Gastroesophageal reflux disease
 - Rupture
 - Stricture
 - Varices
- D. Gastric disorders
- Gastritis
 - Ulcer disease
- DI. Hepatic disorders
- Hepatitis
 - Liver failure
- DII. Hernias
- Hiatal
 - Inguinal
 - Umbilical
 - Ventral wall
- DIII. Mesenteric disorders
- Mesenteric ischemia
- DIV. Metabolic, nutritional, and vitamin disorders
- G6PD deficiency
 - Hypervitaminosis/hypovitaminosis
 - Obesity
 - Phenylketonuria
- DV. Neoplasms
- Benign
 - Malignant
- DVI. Pancreatic disorders
- Pancreatitis
- DVII. Small intestine disorders
- Appendicitis
 - Enteritis
 - Gastrointestinal hemorrhage
 - Intussusception
 - Obstruction

DVIII. GENITOURINARY SYSTEM (MALE AND FEMALE) (5%)

- A. Bladder disorders
- Cystitis
- B. Neoplasms
- C. Penile disorders
- Paraphimosis/phimosis
 - Peyronie disease
 - Priapism

- D. Prostate disorders
- Benign prostatic hypertrophy
 - Prostatitis
- DI. Testicular disorders
- Epididymitis
 - Orchitis
 - Testicular torsion
- DII. Urethral disorders
- Obstruction
 - Prolapse
 - Stricture
 - Urethritis

DIII. HEMATOLOGIC SYSTEM (4%)

- A. Coagulation disorders
- Bleeding disorders
 - Disseminated intravascular coagulation
 - Emergencies associated with anticoagulant therapy
 - Thrombophilias
- B. Cytopenia
- Anemias
 - Leukopenia
 - Polycythemia
 - Thrombocytopenia
- C. Hemoglobinopathies
- Hemochromatosis
 - Sickle cell disease
 - Thalassemia
- D. Immunologic disorders
- Autoimmune disorders
 - Transfusion reaction
- E. Myelodysplastic disorders

8. MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM (9%)

- A. Chest/rib disorders
- B. Compartment syndrome
- C. Inflammatory and infectious diseases
- Osteoarthritis
 - Osteomyelitis
 - Septic arthritis/bursitis
- D. Lower extremity disorders
- Ankle

- Foot
- Hip
- Knee
- Leg/thigh

E. Neck and spine disorders

- Degenerative disk disease
- Torticollis

F. Neoplasms

- Benign
- Malignant

G. Rheumatologic disorders

- Fibromyalgia
- Gout
- Osteoporosis
- Paget disease
- Rheumatoid arthritis
- Rickets
- Systemic lupus erythematosus

H. Upper extremity disorders

- Elbow
- Forearm/upper arm
- Hand
- Shoulder
- Wrist

I. NEUROLOGIC SYSTEM (8%)

A. Central nerve disorders

- Altered mental status (encephalopathies)
- Cord syndromes
- Transverse myelitis
- Vertigo and dizziness

B. Headaches

- Migraine

C. Infectious disorders

- Encephalitis
- Spinal epidural abscess

D. Neoplasms

- Benign
- Malignant

E. Neuromuscular disorders

- Multiple sclerosis
- Myasthenia gravis

F. Peripheral nerve disorders

- Bell palsy
- Carpal tunnel syndrome
- Complex regional pain syndrome
- Guillain-Barré syndrome
- Peripheral neuropathy
- Vertigo and dizziness

G. Seizure disorders

- Febrile seizure
- Status epilepticus

H. Vascular disorders

- Atraumatic intracranial hemorrhage
- Cerebral aneurysm
- Stroke
- Temporal arteritis
- Transient ischemic attack

I. PSYCHOBEHAVIORIAL DISORDERS (7%)

A. Abuse and neglect

- Emotional abuse
- Neglect
- Physical abuse
- Sexual abuse

B. Anxiety disorders

- Generalized anxiety disorder
- Panic disorder
- Phobias

C. Bipolar and related disorders (Mood

disorders)

D. Depressive disorders (Mood

disorders)

- Major depressive disorder
- Persistent depressive disorder/dysthymia (Dysthymic disorder)
- Suicidal/homicidal behaviors

E. Disruptive, impulse-control, and conduct disorders (Impulse-control disorders not elsewhere classified)

- Conduct disorder

F. Dissociative disorders

G. Feeding and eating disorders (Eating disorders)

- H. Neurocognitive disorders (Delirium, dementia, and amnestic and other cognitive disorders)
 - Delirium
 - Major/mild neurocognitive disorders (Dementias)
- I. Neurodevelopmental disorders

(Disorders usually first diagnosed in infancy, childhood, or adolescence)
- J. Obsessive-compulsive and related disorders (Anxiety disorders)
- K. Personality disorders
- L. Schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders

(Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders)
- M. Sexual and gender-related disorders
- N. Sleep-wake disorders (Sleep disorders)
 - Narcolepsy
 - Parasomnias
- O. Somatic symptom and related disorders (Somatoform disorders)
 - P. Substance-related and addictive disorders (Substance-related disorders)
- Q. Trauma- and stressor-related disorders (Anxiety disorders)
 - Adjustment disorders
 - Post-traumatic stress disorder

R. PULMONARY SYSTEM (10%)

- A. Infectious disorders
 - Acute bronchiolitis
 - Acute bronchitis
 - Croup
 - Empyema
 - Influenza
 - Lung abscess
 - Pertussis
 - Pneumonias
 - Respiratory syncytial virus infection
 - Tuberculosis

- B. Neoplasms
 - Benign
 - Malignant
- C. Obstructive pulmonary diseases
 - Asthma
 - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
 - Emphysema
- D. Pleural diseases
 - Pleural effusion
 - Pneumothorax
- E. Pulmonary circulation
 - Cor pulmonale
 - Pulmonary embolism
 - Pulmonary hypertension
- F. Restrictive pulmonary diseases
 - Pulmonary fibrosis
 - Pneumoconiosis
 - Sarcoidosis
- G. Other pulmonary disorders
 - Acute respiratory distress syndrome
 - Cystic fibrosis
 - Foreign body aspiration
 - Interstitial lung disease
 - Pulmonary edema
 - Respiratory failure

H. RENAL SYSTEM (4%)

- A. Acute disorders
 - Acute kidney injury/acute renal failure
 - Pyelonephritis
 - Urinary tract infection
 - Urosepsis
- B. Chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease
- C. Congenital or structural renal disorders
 - Polycystic kidney disease
- D. Fluid and electrolyte disorders
 - Acid-base disorders
 - Dehydration/hypervolemia

- Hyperkalemia/hypokalemia
- Hypernatremia/hyponatremia

E. Neoplasms

- Renal cell carcinoma
- Wilms tumor

F. Nephrolithiasis/urolithiasis

13. REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (MALE AND FEMALE) (2%)

A. Breast disorders

- Mastitis

B. Cervical disorders

C. Complicated pregnancy/obstetric emergencies

- Abortion
- Breech presentation
- Cesarean delivery
- Cord prolapse
- Ectopic pregnancy
- Placenta previa
- Placental abruption
- Postpartum hemorrhage
- Preeclampsia/eclampsia
- Premature rupture of membranes
- Rh incompatibility

D. Contraception

E. Menstrual disorders

F. Neoplasms of the breast and reproductive tract

- Benign
- Malignant

G. Ovarian disorders

- Cysts
- Torsion
- Tubo-ovarian abscess

H. Sexually transmitted infections/pelvic inflammatory disease

I. Uncomplicated pregnancy/normal labor and delivery

J. Uterine disorders

- Endometritis
- Leiomyoma
- Prolapse

K. Vaginal/vulvar disorders

- Bartholin cyst/abscess

- Prolapse
- Vaginitis

14. ENVIRONMENTAL DISORDERS

(2%)

- A. Altitude sickness
- B. Dive emergencies
- C. Exposure illnesses
 - Hyperthermia
 - Hypothermia
- D. Near-drowning

15. SYSTEMIC INFECTIOUS DISORDERS (4%)

A. Bacterial

- Lyme disease
- Meningitis
- Rocky Mountain spotted fever
- Sepsis
- Tetanus

B. Fungal

C. Parasitic

D. Viral

- HIV/AIDS
- Infectious mononucleosis
- Influenza
- Meningitis
- Rabies
- West Nile virus
- Zika virus

E. TOXICOLOGIC DISORDERS (4%)

A. Allergic reactions

- Anaphylaxis
- Hypersensitivity reactions

B. Effects of biological/chemical terrorism

C. Envenomation and arthropod bite reactions

D. Ingestion of toxic substances or foreign bodies

- Illicit substances
- Medications
- Metals

- E. Inhalation of toxins
 - Ammonia
 - Carbon monoxide
 - Chlorine

F. **TRAUMATIC DISORDERS (6%)**

- A. Animal/human bites
- B. Electrical injuries
 - Electrocution
 - Lightning strike
- C. Facial injuries
 - Eyes
 - Ears
 - Nose
 - Teeth
 - Soft tissue
- D. Head and spinal injuries
 - Closed head injuries
 - Concussion
 - Postconcussion syndrome
 - Traumatic brain injury
 - Paralysis
- E. Impaired skin integrity
 - Burns
 - Lacerations
- F. Multisystem injuries
 - Blast injuries
 - Blunt trauma
 - Falls
 - Injuries from motor vehicle collisions
 - Penetrating injuries
 - Gunshot wounds
 - Stab wounds
- G. Musculoskeletal trauma
- H. Physical/sexual assault
- I. Strangulation
- J. Trauma in pregnancy
- K. Traumatic cardiac injuries
 - Cardiac tamponade

L. **PROCEDURES & SKILLS (2%)**

- A. Conducting education on modifiable risk factors with an emphasis on primary and secondary prevention

- Diet
 - Exercise
 - Smoking cessation
- B. Managing delivery of a newborn
 - C. Performing abdominal and gastrointestinal procedures
 - Anoscopy
 - Focused assessment with sonography for trauma (FAST)
 - Gastric lavage
 - Placement of a gastrostomy tube
 - Placement of a nasogastric tube
 - D. Performing advanced airway management
 - Cricothyrotomy
 - Managing difficult airways
 - Intubation
 - Endotracheal
 - Nasal
 - Rapid sequence
 - E. Performing advanced wound management
 - Multilayer closure
 - Tendon repair
 - Wound debridement
 - F. Performing cardiovascular and thoracic procedures
 - Cardioversion
 - Central venous access
 - Defibrillation
 - Focused assessment with sonography for trauma (FAST)
 - Interpretation of electrocardiography
 - Pericardiocentesis
 - Thoracostomy
 - Ultrasound-guided vascular access
 - G. Performing musculoskeletal procedures
 - Arthrocentesis
 - Fracture/dislocation reduction
 - Measurement of compartment pressure
 - H. Performing resuscitation

- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
 - Fluid and blood component therapy
- I. Performing toxicologic procedures
- Decontamination
- II. Providing anesthesia
- Local and regional nerveblock
 - Procedural sedation
- III. Providing psychobehavioral care
- Management of a violent patient
- L. Triage and resource management
- Disaster management
 - Emergency medical services
 - Homeless and at-risk population
- LI. Using epidemiologic techniques to evaluate the spread of disease
- Exposure
 - Risk
 - Transmission